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Free Software communities, you say?

- → What does that even mean?
- → Next Steps
- → Why should you care about it?
- → Questions?

- → Why do I care about it?
- **→** Community pain points
- → What should we do?

What does it mean, free software community?

"The free software community is a worldwide movement dedicated to the goal of freedom in the use of technology. This diverse community is made up of programmers, designers, writers and everyday advocates who contribute to make and promote software that respects our freedoms."

https://www.fsf.org/working-together/profiles/meet-the-free-software-community#:~:text=The%20free%20software%20community%20is,software%20that%20respects%20our%20freedoms.

Free software communities are:

- → Generally formed to solve problems
- → This can mean bug-fixes or innovating new solutions
- → Collaborative participation
- → Populated by diverse community members
- → Participation can be technical or non-technical



Trisquel Community Guidelines

Values

Trisquel is free. We mean "free" in the freedom sense. Our u part of Trisquel, or even all of it:

- 1. run
- 2. study / audit / modify
- copy / distribute,
- 4. distribute modified versions

system 1

If you are a user or development of the Jitsi developer team a more helpful. We have more posting questions easy.

The first paragraph of this homepage. It's important!

Civic Actions

This talk can apply to:

- **→** Many different sizes of communities:
 - ◆ I am one person doing this on the side, and I could use some help!
 - We are a small group of folks working together, and it feels like a lot of work for not a lot of people
 - We are a volunteer run community with built in processes and categories of work

Why are free software communities important?

Why are these communities so important?

- → Our communities keep free software alive, aligned with user needs, and providing for end users
- → Free software is in support of us, the people living in communities around the world.
- → Our software communities should listen to and represent the people they support.
- → When we create freedom respecting software, we do it because we think everyone should have access to it.
- → We build using a model of community support and participation

Why am I here talking about this today?

I owe my career to free software communities!

- → https://github.com/id-Software/DOOM/blob/master/README.TXT
- → https://www.dosbox.com/
- → https://www.freebsd.org/
- → https://archlinux.org/
- → https://www.debian.org/
- → https://www.transformativeworks.org/
- → https://www.drupal.org/

Why is equity important?

EQUITY MATTERS:

- → *Diversity* who participates in our communities
- → Equity what structures we create and how they impact members of our communities
- → Inclusion what opportunities are available, championed, and supported by the community for all community members

Why isn't everyone part of a free software community?

Common Community Pain Points:

- 1. Difficulty getting involved
- 2. No training
- 3. Limited time to support new community members
- 4. Bootstrap mentality
- 5. Unclear goals
- 6. Community toxicity

- 1. Difficulty getting involved:
- → No website or readme text showing how to get involved
- Community site/docs are difficult to find and navigate
- → Communication method implies a particular existing skillset
- → Bugs not sorted or tagged by "newbie appropriate"

- 2. No training:
- → Documentation is nonexistent, difficult to find, stale, or lacking
- → No clear onboarding process
- → No or little support from existing community members

- 3. Bootstrap/RTFM Mentality:
- → Nobody ever held my hand!
- → No space for beginner questions
- **→** Impatience with new community members

- 4. No time to support:
- → Information is siloed
- Community depends on "rockstars"
- → Onboarding is difficult and lengthy

- 5. Unclear Goals:
- → Community doesn't have a clear mission or goal
- → No consensus on direction
- Infighting about major technology choices, etc.

- 6. Community Toxicity:
- → Community is not diverse
- → Community is not equitable
- → Community is not inclusive or welcoming
- → Interactions leave you feeling not great

How you might see these show up:

- → "I could have done this better myself."
- → "I don't have time to explain everything to you."
- → "These volunteers don't know what they're doing/they're useless."
- → "There's no way to get rid of people who aren't helping."
- → "Nobody ever volunteers to fix things."
- "Tons of people use my software but nobody contributes."

Let's fix 'em!

First, why fix this?

- → We are free software ambassadors and we can help others join our communities and movements to support our vision of free software for all
- → We'll create more tested, vetted, patched, creative solutions when we invite more folks into our communities. The output of this is better code!

Mentality Changes

- → Decide how to spend your time is it on doing everything yourself, or training others to do it?
- → Make choices based on inclusion and sustainability
- → Constantly return to the purpose of your community and ask if your decisions align with that goal

Mentality Changes

→ Be agile!

Processes

- → Clear process for participating
- → Well documented revision control and code review processes
- → Automate, automate!
- → Be clear about who has decision-making authority

Processes

- → Limit access to more complex or mission critical tasks until folks have a proven track record. This includes new community "rockstars."
- → Separate and label "new ideas" or "nice to haves" as opposed to bugs or core functionality
- → Have a clear vision, and share it
- → Always be willing to share the "why."

Well, that sounds like a lot of work

This sounds hard

- → You have to decide where to put in time and work
- → What will create the best software?
- → What will grow free software communities and help them become the norm?

This sounds hard

→ Also, it's worth it!

Next Steps

Next steps/Ideas

- → Why is your project/community important to you? What do you hope it will accomplish? Share that!
- → Consider your blind spots
- → Expand your volunteer or applicant pool

Next steps/Ideas

- → Consider a rolling call for participation
- → Think about what processes you can automate. How can you make least-effort documentation that is easy to keep current? What practices around comments in code and in revision control can also act as documentation?

Next steps/Ideas

- → Audit your community processes to account for time-zones, accessibility needs, language barriers, etc.
- → Use your expertise to help community members leverage their participation on their resumes
 - This gives back to the greater free software community and helps us build the free software world of our future

Tips for community members:

Community member tips

- → Remember your beginner's mindset
- → Think collaboratively
- → Build communities, not just individual legacies
- → Find the community that can support you

Thank You.

Questions?